## FGA V O T E R S S U P P O R T T H E Promising Pathway Act



## THESE MESSAGES WORK BEST

Voters are more likely to support this new health care reform when they know:

## EXTEND LIFE EXPECTANCY

It could give those with life-threatening illnesses the opportunity to receive treatments that could extend their life expectancy.

## COMPETITION

It could help lower patients' costs by increasing competition in the medication development market.



# $\checkmark \operatorname{VOTERS}$ TUPPORTVTHE Promising Pathway Act 

## KEY MESSAGES

## Voters are also more likely to support this new health care reform when they know:

It could provide the FDA with greater knowledge of the effectiveness and safety of medications before full approval.


Manufacturers would be required to clearly label medications as having been conditionally approved.


Patients would be monitored so any negative side effects could be treated quickly and reported to the FDA.


It could give patients more rapid access to treatments for life-threatening conditions.


It is supported by groups advocating for those with severe and progressive illnesses such as aggressive brain tumors and rare childhood cancers.


All medications will still have to undergo robust clinical trials before they are conditionally approved by the FDA.



Party Affiliation

| $34 \%$ | R | $36 \% \mathrm{D}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $38^{\%}$ | $37 \%$ | $26^{*}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $18-44$ | $45-64$ | $65+$ |

Gender

| 48\% | $52 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| MALE | FEMALE |

[^0]
[^0]:    Results for this poll are based on automated telephone interviews conducted among a nationwide sample of 517 likely voters. Data for this survey research was collected by Cor Services, Inc.
    Interviews were conducted via a computer-assisted telephone interviewing system utilizing techniques designed to achieve the highest possible respondent cooperation.
    The surveys were conducted June 1-4, 2022. The margin of sampling error is plus or minus 4.31 percentage points. The margin of sampling error may be higher for certain subgroups. Results presented may not always appear to total 100 percent due to rounding.
    Data was sampled using weighted demographic information from the U.S. Census Bureau's Current Population Survey Voting and Registration Supplement and the state election authorities. Demographic information for actual voters in past elections were used to construct sample target weights.
    The Foundation for Government Accountability paid for all costs associated with this survey.

