

RCV candidates with the most first-place votes can lose elections! Here's how RCV worked in 2018 for Maine's 2nd Congressional District Race.

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WHAT HAPPENED?!



After two rounds of tabulation, Golden (D) was declared the winner of the election.



5% of all votes cast were tossed with **14,726 votes not counted**.*



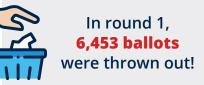
Only **48.11% of the total ballots cast decided the election** (not 50%+1).

ROUND #1:

Position	Candidate	Total	Percent	
1	O Bruce Poliquin (R)	134,184	46.33%	
2	Q Jared Golden (D)	132,013	45.58%	
3	Tiffany Bond (I)	16,552	5.71%	
4	William R.S. Hoar (I)	6,875	2.37%	

296,077 ballots tabulated

Bruce Poliquin (R) received 46.33% (134,184) of the vote ahead of Jared Golden's (D) 45.58% (132,013).



ROUND #2:

	Position	Candidate	Total	Percent of ballots tabulated in Round 2	Percent of all ballots cast
-	1	🚺 Jared Golden (D)	142,440	50.63%	48.11%
	2	Bruce Poliquin (R)	138,911	49.37%	46.92%
	3	Tiffany Bond (I)			
	4	William R.S. Hoar (I)			

281,351 ballots tabulated → 8,273 votes exhausted

After round 2, Golden (D) was declared the winner with 50.63% (142,440) of the remaining ballots but only 48.11% of the total ballots cast (296,077).



What's an exhausted ballot?

"Exhausted ballots" in elections using ranked-choice voting **do not count towards the final tally** and include tossed ballots, overvotes, and undervotes.

RCV DOES NOT:

BOTTOM LINE

Increase fairness
Represent the majority
Incorporate more choice



Confuses voters
Threatens voter confidence
Throws out votes

Ranked-choice voting disenfranchises voters and undermines "one person, one vote," the bedrock of American elections.

RCV: