Voters support welfare program integrity

**Eligibility Checks**

Voters support checking eligibility for people on Medicaid more frequently to ensure those receiving benefits are still eligible.

- **A** (All Voters): 76% support, 17% oppose, 7% unsure
- **R** (Republicans): 87% support, 6% oppose, 6% unsure
- **D** (Democrats): 66% support, 23% oppose, 10% unsure
- **I** (Independents): 73% support, 22% oppose, 5% unsure
- **SW** (Suburban Women): 75% support, 17% oppose, 8% unsure

Voters also support checking eligibility for people on food stamps more frequently to ensure those receiving benefits are still eligible.

- **A** (All Voters): 73% support, 18% oppose, 9% unsure
- **R** (Republicans): 85% support, 8% oppose, 6% unsure
- **D** (Democrats): 61% support, 26% oppose, 13% unsure
- **I** (Independents): 72% support, 20% oppose, 8% unsure
- **SW** (Suburban Women): 72% support, 18% oppose, 9% unsure

**Identification Requirements**

Voters support requiring able-bodied adults to appear in-person for their initial interview before receiving food stamp benefits.

- **ALL VOTERS**: 69% support, 27% oppose, 3% unsure
- **REPUBLICANS**: 80% support, 18% oppose, 2% unsure
- **DEMOCRATS**: 59% support, 36% oppose, 5% unsure
- **INDEPENDENTS**: 69% support, 27% oppose, 4% unsure
- **SUBURBAN WOMEN**: 68% support, 28% oppose, 3% unsure

**Political Affiliation**

- **508 Likely Voters**
  - **R** (Republican): 34%
  - **D** (Democrat): 36%
  - **I** (Independent): 30%

**Sex**

- Male: 48%
- Female: 52%

**Age**

- 18-44: 39%
- 45-64: 40%
- 65+: 21%

**Area**

- Urban: 31%
- Suburban: 49%
- Rural: 20%

**Margin of Error**

+/- 4.35%

Results for this poll are based on automated telephone interviews conducted among a nationwide sample of 508 likely voters. Data for this survey research was collected by Cor Strategies Inc. Interviews were conducted via a computer-assisted telephone interviewing system utilizing techniques designed to achieve the highest possible respondent cooperation. The surveys were conducted April 13-17, 2019. The margin of sampling error is plus or minus 4.35 percentage points. The margin of sampling error may be higher for certain subgroups. Results presented may not always appear to total 100 percent due to rounding. Data was sampled using weighted demographic information from the U.S. Census Bureau’s Current Population Survey Voting and Registration Supplement and the state election authorities. Demographic information for actual voters in past elections were used to construct sample target weights. The Foundation for Government Accountability paid for all costs associated with this survey.